

Lab 2 Coupling & Bypass Capacitors

Name _____

Section _____

Purpose:

To demonstrate the effect of coupling and bypass capacitors.

Equipment:

- 1 - ac Function Generator
- 1 - Dual Trace Oscilloscope
- 1 - 0.022 μ F Capacitor
- 4 - Resistors 2 - 22 k Ω , 1 - 68 k Ω , 1 - 100 k Ω

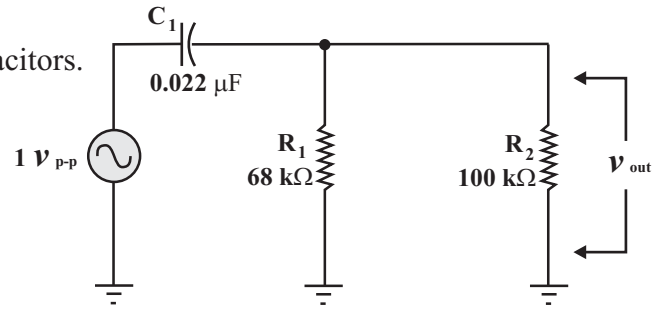


Figure 1

Prelab:

Calculate f_c , $0.1f_c$ & $10f_c$ for Figure 1 and Figure 2.

Insert the calculated values in Tables 1 & 2

Procedure:

Coupling Capacitors

- 1) Construct the circuit shown in Figure 1.
- 2) Connect the function generator to the circuit.
 - Set the function to sine wave.
 - Set the frequency to the calculated value of f_c .
- 3) Measure and record the output voltage.
 - Set the output voltage of the generator to 1 V_{p-p}
 Record the values in Table 1
- 4) Repeat steps 2 and 3 with the generator set to $0.1f_c$ & $10f_c$

Table 1		Calculated Frequency	V_{out}
f_c			
$0.1 f_c$			
$10 f_c$			

Bypass Capacitors

- 1) Construct the circuit shown in Figure 2(a) without the capacitor.
- 2) Connect the function generator to the circuit.
 - Set the function to sine wave.
 - Set the frequency to the calculated value of f_c .
 - Adjust the output voltage of the generator for 1 V_{p-p} across R_4
- 3) Connect the capacitor across R_4 as shown in Figure 2(b)
- 4) Measure and record the voltage across the capacitor.
- 5) Repeat steps 2, 3 and 4 with the function generator set to $0.1 f_c$ and $10 f_c$.

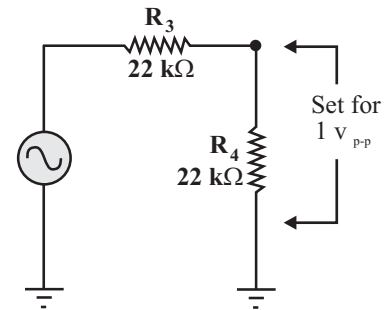


Figure 2(a)

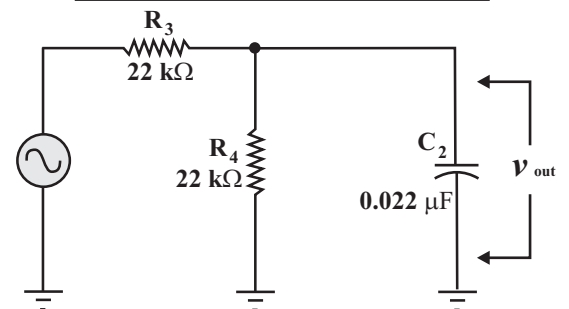


Figure 2(b)

Questions & Problems

- 1) A coupling capacitor ideally looks like a dc _____ circuit and an ac _____ circuit.
- 2) If an amplifier is being designed for the audio frequency (20 Hz to 20 kHz), which is the worst case frequency that the designer has to worry about when selecting the size of the coupling capacitor.

Table 2		Calculated Frequency	V_{out}
f_c			
$0.1 f_c$			
$10 f_c$			